

Environmental Impact Assessment [version 1.0]

Proposal title: Temple Quarter Update				
Project stage and type: Initial Idea Mandate	Outline Business Case	Full Business Case		
Policy Strategy Function Service	🗆 New	Changing		
⊠ Other [please state]	🛛 Already exists / review			
Directorate: Growth and Regeneration	Lead Officer name: Karen M	ercer, Abigail Stratford		
Service Area: Regeneration	Lead Officer role: Head of Re	egeneration		

Step 1: What do we want to do?

The purpose of this Environmental Impact Assessment is to help you develop your proposal in a way that is compliant with the council's policies and supports the council's strategic objectives under the <u>One City Climate</u> <u>Strategy</u>, the <u>One City Ecological Emergency Strategy</u> and the latest <u>Corporate Strategy</u>.

This assessment should be started at the beginning of the project proposal process by someone with a good knowledge of the project, the service area that will deliver it, and sufficient influence over the proposal to make changes as needed.

It is good practice to take a team approach to completing the Environmental Impact Assessment. See further guidance on completing this document. Please email <u>environmental.performance@bristol.gov.uk</u> early for advice and feedback.

1.1 What are the aims and objectives/purpose of this proposal?

Briefly explain the purpose of the proposal and why it is needed. Please use <u>plain English</u>, avoiding jargon and acronyms.

Temple Quarter sits at the heart of Bristol – it is being taken forward by a partnership of Bristol City Council, Homes England, Network Rail and the West of England Combined Authority. With the upgrade and regeneration of Bristol Temple Meads station at its centre, the proposals for Temple Quarter aim to transform over 130 hectares of brownfield land over the next 25 years into a series of thriving, well-connected mixed-use communities. The regeneration of the area aims to create 10,000 new homes, thousands of new jobs and bring £1.6bn annual income to the city economy.

This update to Cabinet gives a general update on the programme since the last update in May 2023, in which the Temple Quarter Development Framework was endorsed. It also seeks approval for the proposed constitutional arrangements for a Temple Quarter Joint Delivery Vehicle (JDV) and the Temple Quarter Business Plan.

1.2 Will the proposal have an environmental impact?

Could the proposal have either a positive or negative effects for the environment now or in the future? If 'No' explain why you are sure there will be no environmental impact, then skip steps 2-3 and request review by sending this form to <u>environmental.performance@bristol.gov.uk</u>

If 'Yes' complete the rest of this assessment.

Yes I No [please select]	
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1.3 If the proposal is part of an options appraisal, has the environmental impact of each option been assessed and included in the recommendation-making process?

If 'Yes' please ensure that the details of the environmental impacts of each option are made clear in the pros and cons section of the <u>project management options appraisal document</u>.

☐ Yes ☐ No ⊠ Not applicable [please select]	□ No
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If 'No' explain why environmental impacts have not been considered as part of the options appraisal process.

Step 2: What kinds of environmental impacts might the project have?

Analysis of impacts must be rigorous. Please demonstrate your analysis of any impacts of the proposal in this section, referring to evidence you have gathered. See detailed <u>guidance documents</u> for advice on identifying potential impacts.

Does the proposal create any benefits for the environment, or have any adverse impacts?

Outline any potential benefits of the proposal and how they can be maximised. Identify how the proposal will support our corporate environmental objectives and the wider <u>One City Climate and Ecological Emergency</u> <u>strategies</u>.

Consider how the proposal creates environmental impacts in the following categories, both now and in the future. **Reasonable efforts should be made to quantify stated benefit or adverse impacts wherever possible.**

Where the proposal is likely to have a beneficial impact, consider what actions would enhance those impacts. Where the proposal is likely to have a harmful impact, consider whether actions would mitigate these impacts.

Enhancements or mitigation actions are only required when there is a likely impact identified. Remember that where enhancements or mitigation actions are listed, they should be assigned to staff and appropriately resourced.

GENERAL COMMENTS (highlight any potential issues that might impact all or many categories)

The method of construction sits outside the scope of the Framework, and although The Development Framework requires development to be built using sustainable construction methods, this is not considered as part of this cabinet report. Further detail on construction will be covered through planning and a full statutory Environmental Impact Assessment of individual projects as they are developed.

The main request for cabinet is to approve the JDV that has delegated authority, this has the potential to have an environmental impact through the constitutional arrangements, governance and level of ambition or the JDV. It is important that through procurement, development of contracts and monitoring and measurement criteria that the commitments of BCC and commitments of the city (as described in the ENV targets) are included.

ENV1 Carbon neutral: Emissions of climate changing gases		By virtue of its sustainable location with a range of facilities, services and major transport hubs within walking distance, its regeneration will support reduced reliance on the private car.
BCC has committed to achieving net zero emissions for its direct activities by 2025, and to support the city in achieving net zero by 2030.	Benefits	Through constitutional and governance arrangements for the JDV ensure the commitments of the One City Climate and Ecological Strategies are included as requirements of the Temple Quarter business plan and master plan development, maximising opportunities for net zero, climate resilience and biodiversity net gain.

 Will the proposal involve transport, or the use of energy in buildings? Will the proposal involve the purchase of goods or services? If the answer is yes to either of these questions, there will be a carbon impact. Consider the scale and timeframe of the impact, particularly if the proposal will lead to ongoing emissions beyond the 2025 and 2030 target dates. <u>Further guidance</u> 	Enhancing actions	The Temple Quarter programme is seeking in the future to create and build on a Sustainability Strategy and Social Value Strategy to maximise its sustainability credentials. To further reduce the reliance on the private car, the Development Framework, endorsed by Cabinet in May 2023, seeks to encourage a low car use, and improve active travel routes throughout the area and connecting into adjacent areas in the city. Masterplanning, due to commence in late 2023, will further encourage sustainable travel through, around and in/out of the regeneration area. In addition, the key first phase of the regeneration programme is to improve Temple Meads as a major city and regional transport hub which will further encourage more sustainable modes of travel. The Development Framework also seeks to limit car parking, where possible, and promote and encourage other more sustainable forms of travel. And encourages the use of car clubs. Finer detail of these plans TBC in later phases of the project.
🗌 🗆 No impact		
	Adverse impacts	The regeneration of Temple Quarter will increase requirements for new buildings to support the proposed uses and increase the population of the area which could result in more car trips. There will be a significant amount of embodied carbon associated with realising the regeneration of Temple Quarter.
	Mitigating actions	Where parking is to be provided, it is envisaged that EV charging capabilities will be provided in accordance with planning requirements. Connectivity to be looked at in masterplanning process. The existing TQ Development Framework seeks to encourage the development of sustainable buildings, aiming for flexible and adaptable, net zero carbon and climate resilient development. As mentioned above it is important to ensure this is embedded into the procurement and contractual and governance arrangements with the JDV. This includes encouraging developers to minimise the emissions of Co2 through efficient building design. The Development Framework encourages new development to link up to the heat district network which is also a planning requirement.
	Persistence	of effects: 1 year or less 1 – 5 years 5+ years
ENV2 Ecological recovery: Wildlife and habitats BCC has committed to 30% of its land being managed for nature and to halve its use of pesticides by 2030.	Benefits	Temple Quarter is a wholly brownfield regeneration site located in central Bristol with Temple Meads Station at its centre. It is a suitable location for an intensified mixed-use residual and employment regeneration scheme. There are no legally protected sites or habitats within the area.
Consider how your proposal can support increased space for nature, reduced use of pesticides, reduce pollution to waterways, and reduce consumption of products	Enhancing actions	 The endorsed Development Framework encourages significant improvements to the biodiversity of the site including: Provision of additional green space. Creation of green infrastructure network across the site. Increased opportunities for soft landscaping. Increased opportunities for Suds. Encourages retention of existing trees and replacement

that undermine ecosystems		planting where appropriate.
around the world.		
		Future Masterplanning will look to give further detail on
If your proposal will directly		improvements to wildlife and habitats in the TQ area.
lead to a reduction in habitat		
within Bristol, then consider		The Development Framework encourages the creation of a green
how your proposed		infrastructure network across the site which will support the creation
mitigation can lead to a		of wildlife corridors. This includes the provision of green roofs and
biodiversity net gain. Be sure		walls to maximise the biodiversity benefits of the new buildings. The
to refer to quantifiable		Masterplanning process will explore this further.
changes wherever possible.		
		Through constitutional and governance arrangements for the JDV
Further guidance		ensure the commitments of the One City Climate and Ecological
🗌 No impact		Strategies are included as requirements of the Temple Quarter
		business plan and master plan development, maximising
		opportunities for net zero, climate resilience and biodiversity net
	.	gain.
	Persistence	
		While the development will primarily take place on brownfield land,
		there will be adverse impacts on existing biodiversity from
	Adverse	development. For example, the Temple Island site current has significant biodiversity and is having to look at offsite mitigation to
	impacts	meet Biodiversity Net Gain requirements
		Retention of trees will be prioritised through the masterplanning
		exercise and in the Development Framework. Complimentary planting
	Mitigating	will be used to support biodiversity net gain across the programme
	actions	area.
	Persistence	of effects: 🗌 1 year or less 🗌 1 – 5 years 🖾 5+ years
ENV3 A cleaner, low-waste		
city: Consumption of	Benefits	
resources and generation of	Denento	
waste		
Consider what resources will	Enhancing actions	
be used as a result of the	actions	
proposal, how they can be		
minimised or swapped for	Persistence	of effects: 🗌 1 year or less 🔤 1 – 5 years 🖾 5+ years
less impactful ones, where	. er sisteriter	The Development Framework encourages the regeneration of the
they will be sourced from, and what will happen to any		area for housing and commercial uses which will result in an
and what will happen to any		
waste generated		increased amount of household waste within the development area.
waste generated	Adverse	increased amount of household waste within the development area, however the proposal itself is not directly responsible for household
waste generated	Adverse impacts	increased amount of household waste within the development area, however the proposal itself is not directly responsible for household waste generation.
waste generated		however the proposal itself is not directly responsible for household
waste generated		however the proposal itself is not directly responsible for household

Further guidance	Mitigating actions	Developments through the planning application process will be required to demonstrate they are appropriately managing waste by providing waste storage in accordance with the city's waste management requirements. There is potential that Temple Quarter will consider waste management in more detail through an area strategy or in relation to Masterplanning commencing in late 2023. All development projects will be subject to waste management plans as required under planning conditions.		
	Persistence	of effects: 1 year or less 1 – 5 years 5+ years		
	Benefits	 The endorsed Development Framework encourages significant improvements to the biodiversity which also increases the climate resilience of the site by providing increased natural shade and cooling, including: Provision of additional green space. Creation of green infrastructure network across the site. Increased opportunities for soft landscaping. Increased opportunities for Suds. Encourages retention of existing trees and replacement 		
ENV4 Climate resilience: Bristol's resilience to the effects of climate change Bristol's climate is already changing, and increasingly frequent instances of extreme weather will become more likely over time.	Enhancing actions	Through constitutional and governance arrangements for the JDV ensure the commitments of the One City Climate and Ecological Strategies are included as requirements of the Temple Quarter business plan and master plan development, maximising opportunities for net zero, climate resilience and biodiversity net gain. <u>The Keep Bristol Cool mapping tool</u> should be used when Masterplanning and shading should be incorporated into the planning process.		
	Persistence	of effects: 1 year or less 1 – 5 years 5+ years		
Consider how the proposal will perform during periods of extreme weather (particularly heat and flooding). Consider if the proposal will reduce or increase risk to people and assets during extreme weather events.	Adverse impacts	The regeneration programme is dependent on flood mitigation and we're working closely with the BAFs team to find solutions that support new development as well as improving public/natural amenities and a flood strategy is being developed for the area. The area is classed as High or Very High risk for outdoor exposure factors in the Keep Bristol Cool mapping tool. Increasing the intensity of use of the site could have adverse effects by introducing more hard surface (including vertical surfaces), trapping heat in street canyons, increasing human related heat production in the area.		
Further guidance	Mitigating actions	The endorsed Development Framework and emerging masterplan seek to encourage the development of green space and connected green infrastructure across the Temple Quarter area which also increased opportunities for soft landscaping opportunities across the site, including opportunities for SuDs features. As proposals come forward for each area as part of the Masterplanning process the requirements will be better defined, as was the case in the Mead Street Development Brief (endorsed by Cabinet in August 2022). Masterplanning will take into consideration the latest Met Office projections for Bristol's changing climate <u>CSSP city pack BRISTOL</u> (metoffice.gov.uk) and incorporate appropriate mitigations for excessive heat.		

	Persistence	of effects:	□ 1 year or less	🗌 1 – 5 years	⊠ 5+ years
	Benefits	Developm	nent Framework, an	evious land uses informe d it was concluded the a ediation is likely to be re	rea is likely to
Statutory duty: Prevention of Pollution to	Enhancing actions	and mitig ensure th	ation measures may at any contaminate	er, is needed via the plar / be required. Developm d land will be remediate ection Act / planning.	ent here will
air, water, or land	Persistence	of effects:	\Box 1 year or less	🗌 1 – 5 years	⊠ 5+ years
Consider how the proposal will change the likelihood of pollution occurring to air, water, or land and what steps will be taken to	Adverse impacts	dust and Increased may have The natur	spillages, etc. heavy vehicle move a negative impact o e of the proposals e	e regeneration proposal	ruction phases
prevent pollution occurring.	Mitigating actions	requirem Standard appropria Future de demonstr work clos planned i	ent of the planning practices regarding te. velopment will be r rate they can effecti ely with Wessex Wa nto the network at a	ction management plans process, where necessar wheel washing will be re equired through the plan vely and safely drain the ater to ensure appropriat an early stage s provides more opportu	y. equired where nning process to proposals and te capacity is
	Persistence	of effects:	\Box 1 year or less	🗌 1 – 5 years	🛛 5+ years

Step 3: Action Plan

Use this section summarise and assign responsibility for any actions you have identified to improve data, enhance beneficial, or mitigate negative impacts. Actions identified in section two can be grouped together if named responsibility is under the same person.

This action plan should be updated at each stage of the project. Please be aware that the Sustainable City and Climate Change Service may use this action plan as an audit checklist during the project's implementation or operation.

Enhancing / mitigating action required	Responsible Officer	Timescale
Create and build on the Temple Quarter Sustainability Strategy and Social Value Strategy to maximise its sustainability credentials.	Karen Mercer, Abigail Stratford	Through project development
Masterplanning, due to commence in late 2023, will further encourage sustainable travel through, around and in/out of the regeneration area. Ensure this ties in with BCC strategy (Including the upcoming citywide EV strategy)	Karen Mercer, Abigail Stratford	Through project development
Explore the provision of green roofs and walls to maximise the biodiversity benefits of the new buildings in the master planning process	Karen Mercer, Abigail Stratford	Through project development

Enhancing / mitigating action required	Responsible Officer	Timescale
Consider waste management in more detail through a area	Karen Mercer,	Through project
strategy or in relation to Masterplanning commencing in late 2023.	Abigail Stratford	development
Through constitutional and governance arrangements for the JDV	Karen Mercer,	Through project
ensure the commitments of the One City Climate and Ecological Strategies are included as requirements of the Temple Quarter business plan and master plan development, maximising opportunities for net zero, climate resilience and biodiversity net gain.	Abigail Stratford	development

Step 4: Review

The Sustainable City and Climate Change Service need at least five working days to comment and feedback on your impact assessment. Assessments should only be marked as reviewed when they provide sufficient information for decision-makers on the environmental impact of the proposal.

Please seek feedback and review by emailing <u>environmental.performance@bristol.gov.uk</u> before final submission of your decision pathway documentation¹.

Where impacts identified in this assessment are deemed significant, they will be summarised here by the Sustainable City and Climate Change Service and must be included in the 'evidence base' section of the decision pathway cover sheet.

Summary of significant beneficial impacts and opportunities to support the Climate, Ecological and Corporate Strategies (ENV1,2,3,4):

BCC's Environmental Impact Assessment has determined significant beneficial impacts from the proposal: The Temple Quarter Redevelopment presents significant opportunities to create Net Zero neighbourhoods that are resilient to the effects of climate change and support ecological recovery in the city. These opportunities will be realised through the adoption of the One City Climate and Ecological Strategy targets into the Joint Delivery Vehicle Business Plan.

Summary of significant adverse impacts and how they can be mitigated:

BCC's Environmental Impact Assessment has determined significant negative impacts from the proposal: The scale of Temple Quarter Redevelopment Programme means that there will be large volumes of carbon, waste, and ecological impacts associated with the development activities. These will be partially mitigated through the incorporation of One City Climate and Ecological targets into the Joint Delivery Vehicle Business Plan. Other impacts and benefits will emerge as the project and masterplan progress, it is therefore critical that BCC environmental and ecological targets remain central in the ongoing design process.

Environmental Performance Team Reviewer:	Submitting author:
Nicola Hares	
Daniel Shelton	Abigail Stratford
Date:	Date:
29/09/2023	06/09/2023

¹ Review by the Sustainable City and Climate Change Service confirms there is sufficient analysis for decision makers to consider the likely environmental impacts at this stage. This is not an endorsement or approval of the proposal.